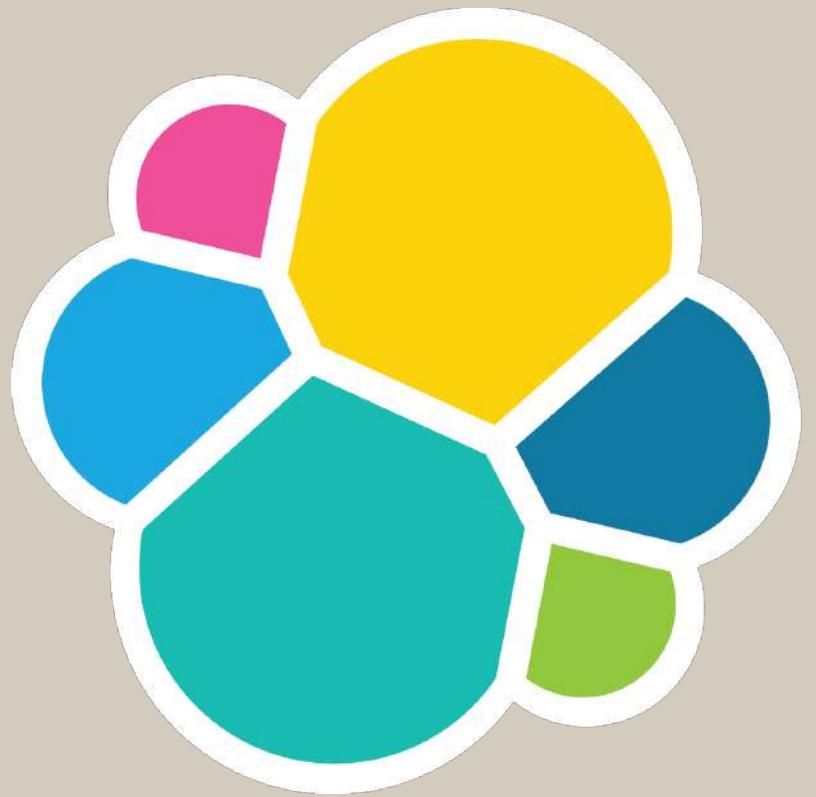


From Containers to Kubernetes Operators

Philipp Krenn

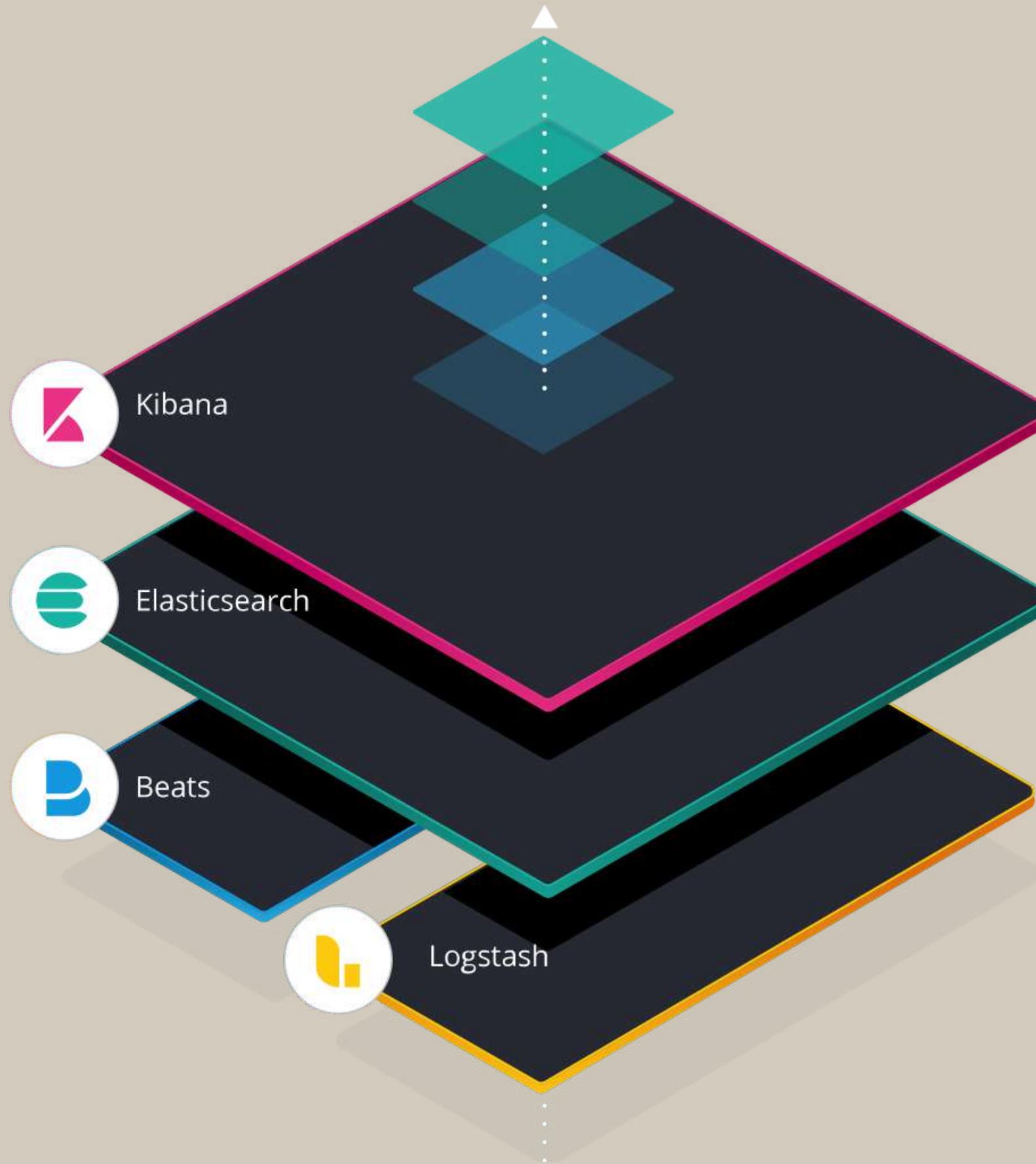
@xeraa



elastic

Developer





Who uses
containers?

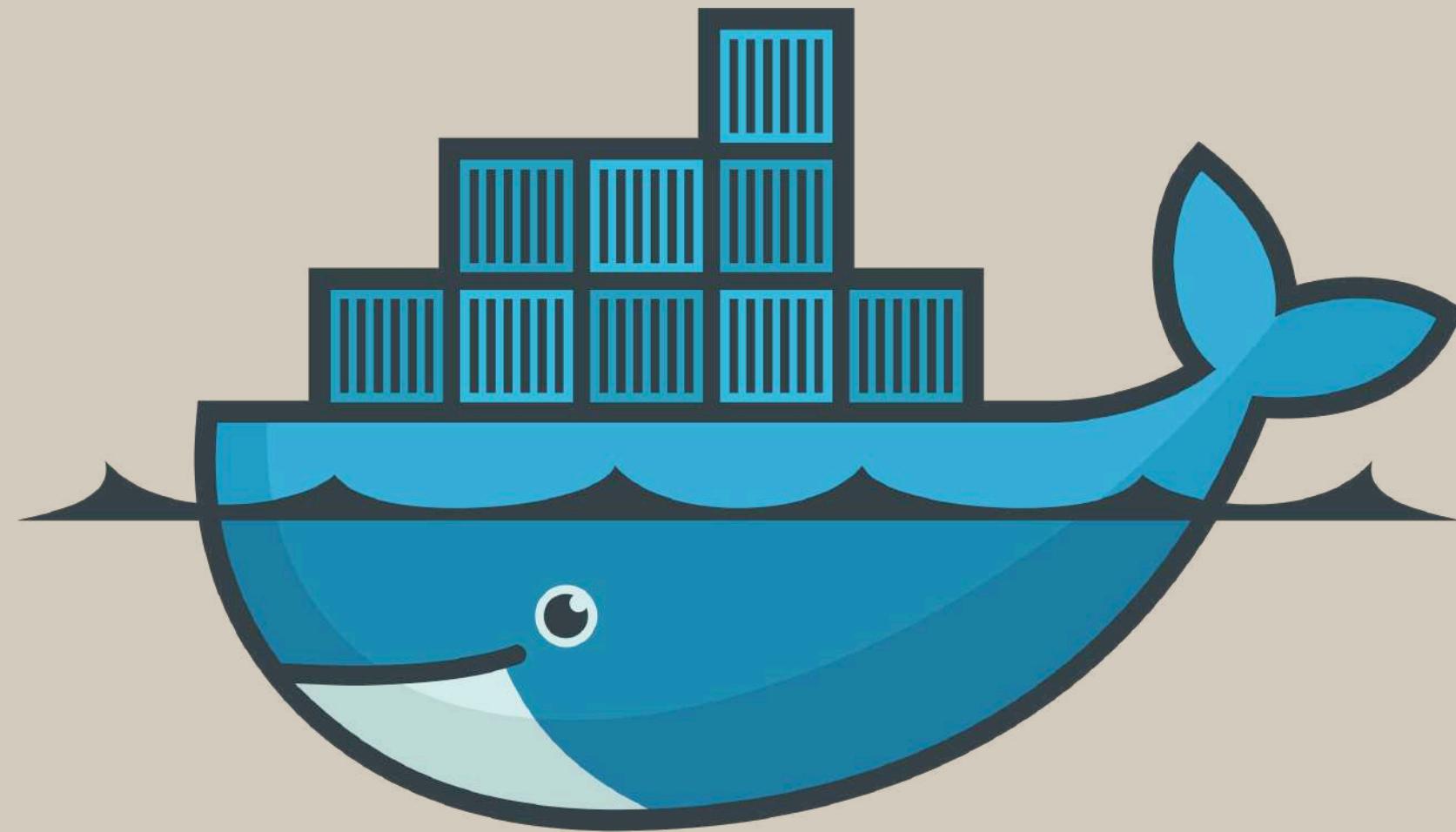
Who uses
containers
in production?

Who uses
stateful
containers?

Who uses
containers
from Elastic?

Agenda

Docker images
Docker Compose
Helm Chart
Kubernetes Operator



docker



*Docker: the world's
most heavily funded
college project*

- Internal quote from Slack



**Containers are the new ZIP
format to distribute software**

One of many...

**RPM, DEB, TAR.GZ, MSI
Ansible, Chef, Puppet**

...but not without
issues

root and chmod 777

Fallacy

`:-p sed s///g #Docker`



The container runs
Elasticsearch as user
elasticsearch using uid:gid
1000:0.

<https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docker.html>



bluepuma77 commented on 4 Mar



Bug description

Starting elasticsearch:5.2.2 results in Failed to created node environment . This has been covered in #21, the recommendation was to set user permissions on the host system.

```
docker run --rm -v /tmp/elastic:/usr/share/elasticsearch/data docker.elastic.co/elasticsearch:5.2.2
# breaks
```

I prefer simple fire & forget docker containers which don't need any preparation on the host system. Would it be an option to check the Elasticsearch image from Docker, that runs fine, without setting any permissions before, and replicate that behaviour in new elasticsearch-docker ?

```
docker run --rm -v /tmp/elastic:/usr/share/elasticsearch/data elasticsearch:5.2.2
# runs
```

```
docker run --rm -v /tmp/elastic:/usr/share/elasticsearch  
# breaks
```

I prefer simple fire & forget docker containers which don't need to be stopped. You can always use the `--rm` option to clean up the container when it exits. I also like to use the `-v` option to mount the Elasticsearch image from the host system into the container so that you can easily access the logs and configuration files.

```
docker run --rm -v /tmp/elastic:/usr/share/elasticsearch  
# runs
```



*Those who do not
understand Unix are
condemned to
reinvent it,
poorly.*

– Henry Spencer

Fallacy : latest

[Explore](#)[Repositories](#)[Organizations](#)[Get Help ▾](#)[xeraa](#)

makes data easy to explore.

Copy and paste to pull this image

```
docker pull elasticsearch
```



[View Available Tags](#)

:7 and :7.13?

**Base image & JVM
are dependencies**

Future
add image version?

Fallacy Runtime mutation

Feature Request

```
if [ -f /custom/user_init.sh ]  
then  
  ./custom/user_init.sh  
fi
```

Or customization through environment variables

Dockerfile

```
ARG ELASTIC_VERSION
FROM docker.elastic.co/elasticsearch/elasticsearch:${ELASTIC_VERSION}

RUN bin/elasticsearch-plugin install analysis-phonetic --batch

ARG ELASTIC_VERSION
RUN bin/elasticsearch-plugin install \
    https://github.com/spinscale/elasticsearch-ingest-langdetect/releases/download/
${ELASTIC_VERSION}.1/ingest-langdetect-${ELASTIC_VERSION}.1.zip --batch
```

Generate Keystore

```
$ docker run -p 9200:9200 -p 9300:9300 -e "discovery.type=single-node" \
-v /Users/philipp/Desktop/demo/config/:/usr/share/elasticsearch/config/ \
-it docker.elastic.co/elasticsearch/elasticsearch:7.13.2 /bin/bash
[root@1006ed50b646 elasticsearch]# ./bin/elasticsearch-keystore create
Created elasticsearch keystore in /usr/share/elasticsearch/config
[root@1006ed50b646 elasticsearch]# ./bin/elasticsearch-keystore add test
Enter value for test:
[root@1006ed50b646 elasticsearch]# exit
exit
$ cat config/elasticsearch.keystore
??lelasticsearch.keystore?@g?o!?$?K?Lf?w?VAEŠHm?[ ?a6?B??? y?, !B}??H?æ?AU=?C?:?o?
?W?O8?}U?;p?F???cQ????7?JY? 2A?:???ZUY??2V?9?g??( ??0?q\
```

Mount Keystore

Docker Compose

```
elasticsearch:  
  image: docker.elastic.co/elasticsearch/elasticsearch:${ELASTIC_VERSION}  
  secrets:  
    - source: elasticsearch.keystore  
      target: /usr/share/elasticsearch/config/elasticsearch.keystore
```

Fallacy Base image

Common base image since 5.4+

CentOS 7

Upside

Similar setup

Shared layers

Upside

JVM large anyway

glibc tested

Downside Size

Does it matter?

Stateful vs
Stateless

ARM64

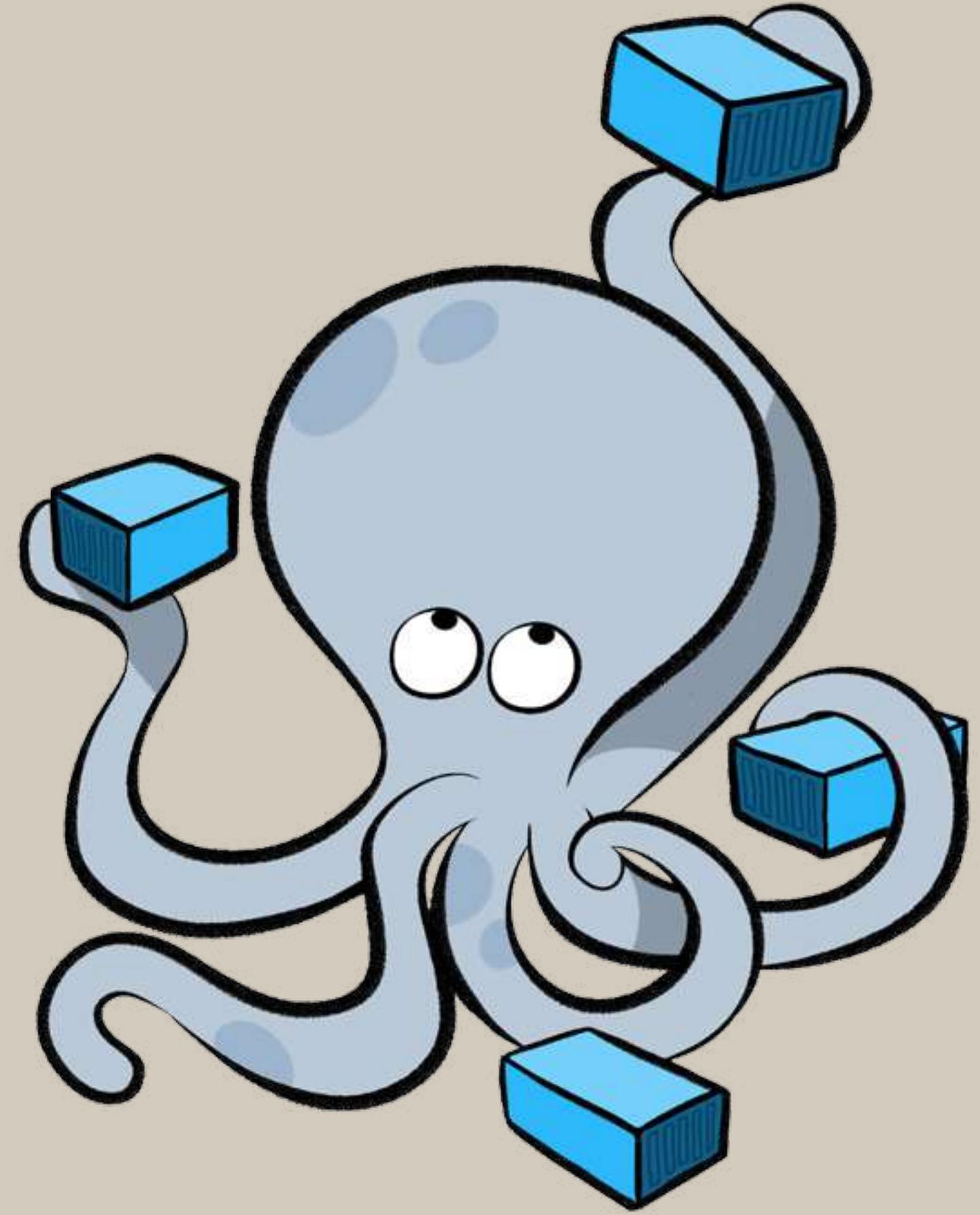
Supported

slimed Down

CentOS 8

Version 8.0

[https://github.com/elastic/elasticsearch/pull/
52519](https://github.com/elastic/elasticsearch/pull/52519)



Who uses
Docker Compose?

More than
development /
demo?

```
---
```

```
version: '2'
```

```
services:
```

```
  elasticsearch:
```

```
    image: docker.elastic.co/elasticsearch/elasticsearch:$ELASTIC_VERSION
```

```
    environment:
```

```
      - "ES_JAVA_OPTS=-Xms512m -Xmx512m"
```

```
      - discovery.type=single-node
```

```
    mem_limit: 1g
```

```
    volumes:
```

```
      - esdata:/usr/share/elasticsearch/data
```

```
    ports:
```

```
      - 9200:9200
```

```
  kibana:
```

```
    image: docker.elastic.co/kibana/kibana:$ELASTIC_VERSION
```

```
    links:
```

```
      - elasticsearch
```

```
    ports:
```

```
      - 5601:5601
```

```
volumes:
```

```
  esdata:
```

```
    driver: local
```

Deprecated

<https://github.com/elastic/stack-docker>



kubernetes

Who uses
Kubernetes?

Kubernetes is the answer. What was the question?

- <https://twitter.com/charlesfitz/status/1068203930683752448>

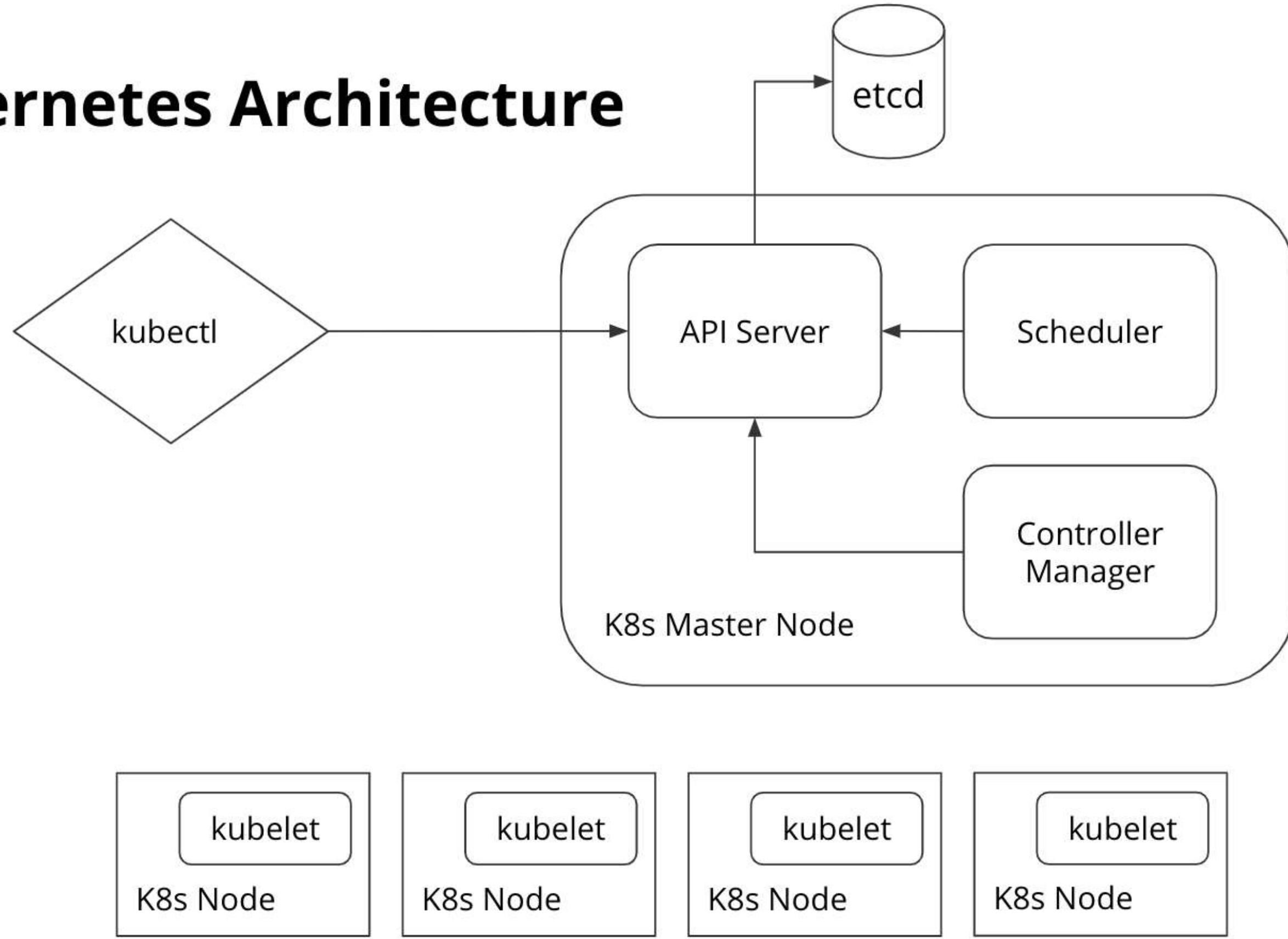
Who uses
Swarm?

Who uses
Nomad?

Who uses Mesos?

Static configuration to deploy resources to K8s

Kubernetes Architecture



Y
A

M
I
L

...lots of it

Fun with YAML

<http://www.yamlint.com>

ports:

- 80:80
- 20:20

Fun with YAML

<https://docs.docker.com/compose/compose-file/#short-syntax-1>

ports:

- "80:80"
- 73200

Kubernetes 1.8 allows dots in env vars

<https://github.com/kubernetes/kubernetes/issues/2707>



**Advanced package management
with support for templating
and more complex resources**

Building on existing
Kubernetes primitives like
StatefulSet, Service,
Deployment, ...

Elastic Helm Charts

Elasticsearch, Kibana,
Filebeat, Metricbeat,
APM Server, Logstash

<https://github.com/elastic/helm-charts>

StatefulSet (STS)

By default rolling upgrade
Waiting for cluster health being green after
each instance is updated

Un-Opinionated

Expose environment variables & mount secrets

Multiple upgrade strategies

Example

<https://github.com/elastic/helm-charts/tree/master/elasticsearch/examples>

```
helm repo add elastic https://helm.elastic.co
```

```
helm repo update
```

```
helm install elasticsearch elastic/elasticsearch [--set imageTag=7.13.2]
```

```
cd examples/default
```

```
make
```

```
# Shrink default JVM heap
esJavaOpts: "-Xmx128m -Xms128m"
```

```
# Allocate smaller chunks of memory per pod
```

```
resources:
```

```
  requests:
```

```
    cpu: "100m"
```

```
    memory: "512M"
```

```
  limits:
```

```
    cpu: "1000m"
```

```
    memory: "512M"
```

```
# Request smaller persistent volumes
```

```
volumeClaimTemplate:
```

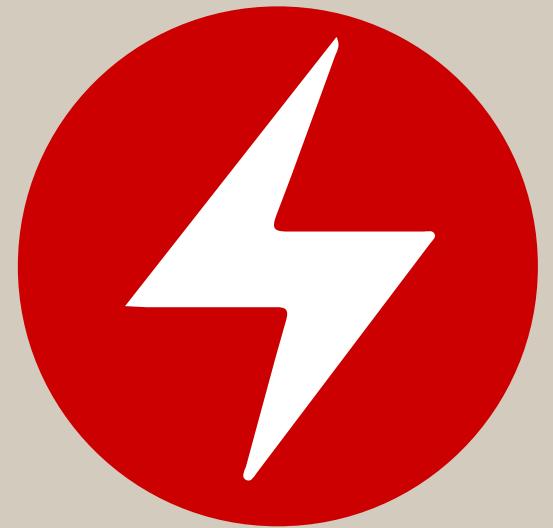
```
  accessModes: [ "ReadWriteOnce" ]
```

```
  storageClassName: "standard"
```

```
resources:
```

```
  requests:
```

```
    storage: 100M
```



OPERATOR LIFECYCLE MANAGER

**Expands K8s interfaces and
allows to customize
management of applications**

Custom Resource Definition (CRD)

Think: Elasticsearch, Kibana, APM

Contrast: Built-in resources like Pods,
Services, Secrets, StatefulSets, ...

Custom Resource (CR)

CRD == type definition (class)

CR == instance (object)

Custom Controller

Brings CRDs to "life" (reconciliation loop)

Upgrades, secrets, certificate management, ...

Elastic Operator

Elasticsearch, Kibana,
Beats / Agent, APM Server,
Enterprise Search

<https://github.com/elastic/cloud-on-k8s>

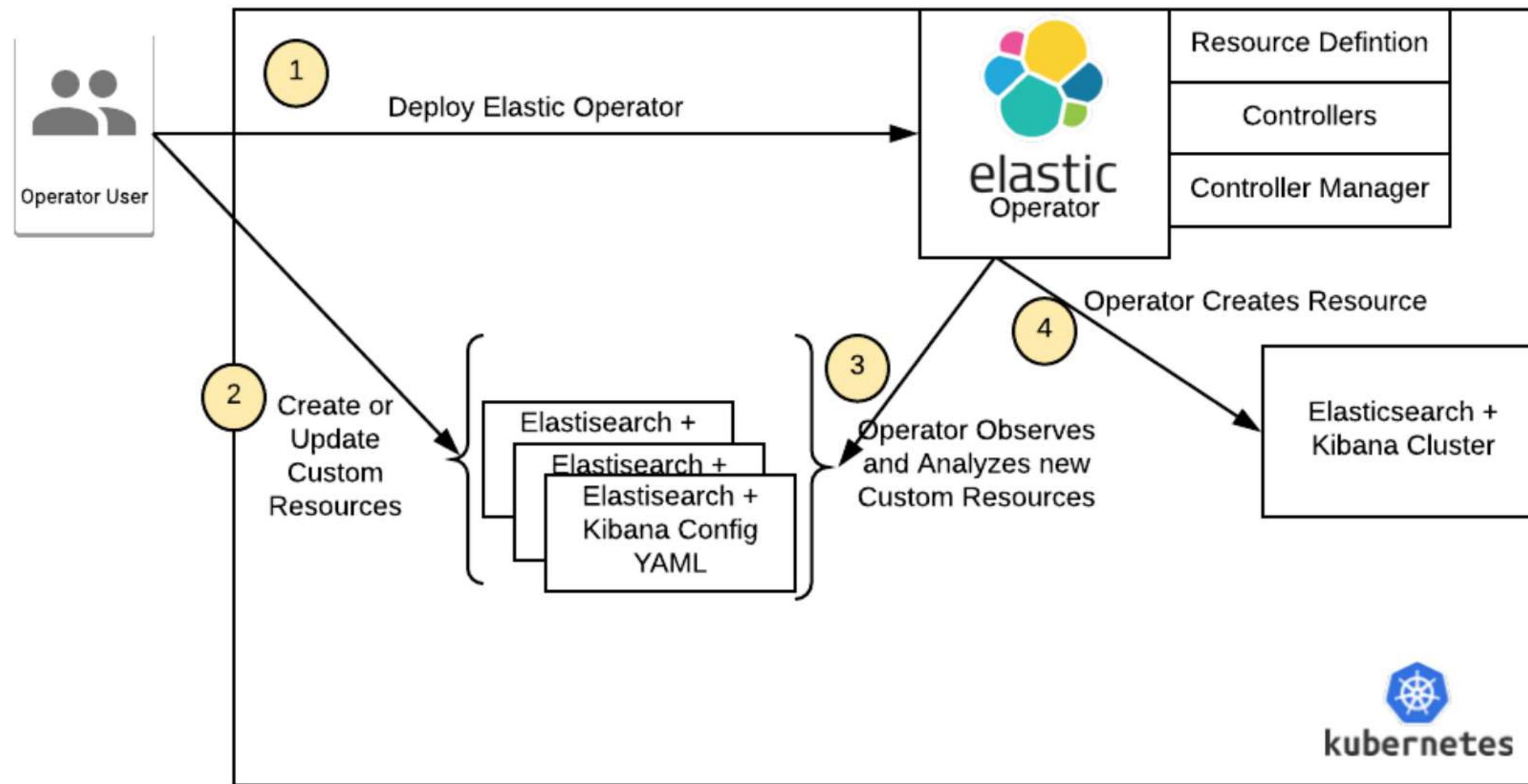
Golang 1.13+

Kubebuilder 2

SDK for building Kubernetes APIs using CRDs

Kustomize

Generate patched CRDs for specific flavors



Opinionated

Encode best practices & operational knowledge
Built-in certificate management, security,...

Example Opinions

Scale down: Drain nodes first

Upgrade: Disable shard allocation

You Can Still Shoot Yourself in the Foot

Configure 0 replicas and do an upgrade for
example

Quick Setup

```
# Get the current version
kubectl apply -f https://download.elastic.co/downloads/eck/1.6.0/all-in-one.yaml

# Monitor logs
kubectl -n elastic-system logs -f statefulset.apps/elastic-operator

# Deploy
kubectl apply -f es_kibana.yml
```

Helm Chart Setup

```
helm repo add elastic https://helm.elastic.co
```

```
helm repo update
```

```
helm install elastic-operator elastic/eck-operator \  
-n elastic-system --create-namespace
```

```
kubectl -n elastic-system logs -f statefulset.apps/elastic-operator
```

```
kubectl get pods --all-namespaces
```

```
---  
apiVersion: elasticsearch.k8s.elastic.co/v1  
kind: Elasticsearch  
metadata:  
  name: elasticsearch-sample  
spec:  
  version: 7.13.2  
  nodeSets:  
    - name: default  
      count: 1  
      config:  
        node.store.allow_mmap: false
```

```
---  
apiVersion: kibana.k8s.elastic.co/v1  
kind: Kibana  
metadata:  
  name: kibana-sample  
spec:  
  version: 7.13.2  
  count: 1  
  elasticsearchRef:  
    name: "elasticsearch-sample"  
  http:  
    service:  
      spec:  
        type: LoadBalancer
```

Access Kibana

```
# Check status  
kubectl get elasticsearch,kibana  
# Get the credentials  
echo `kubectl get secret elasticsearch-sample-es-elasticsearch-user  
-o=jsonpath='{.data.elastic}' | base64 --decode`
```

Changes

Instance size / number, version, ...

kubectl apply -f es_kibana.yml

System Settings

**node.store.allow mmap: false
(for demos only)**

**Init Container
(privileged security context)**

**Manual setting on the host
(recommended)**

```
apiVersion: elasticsearch.k8s.elastic.co/v1
kind: Elasticsearch
metadata:
  name: elasticsearch-sample
spec:
  version: 7.13.2
  nodeSets:
  - name: default
    count: 3
  podTemplate:
    spec:
      initContainers:
      - name: sysctl
        securityContext:
          privileged: true
        command: [ 'sh' , '-c' , 'sysctl -w vm.max_map_count=262144' ]
```

Support

GKE (Google Cloud)

EKS (AWS)

AKS (Azure)

OpenShift (Redhat)

StatefulSets (STS)

Rolling Upgrades with Volume reuse

"Standard" way to run stateful workloads –
stable network ID, stable data volume that is
re-attachable during rolling upgrades

Storage (1)

Persistent Volumes (default)

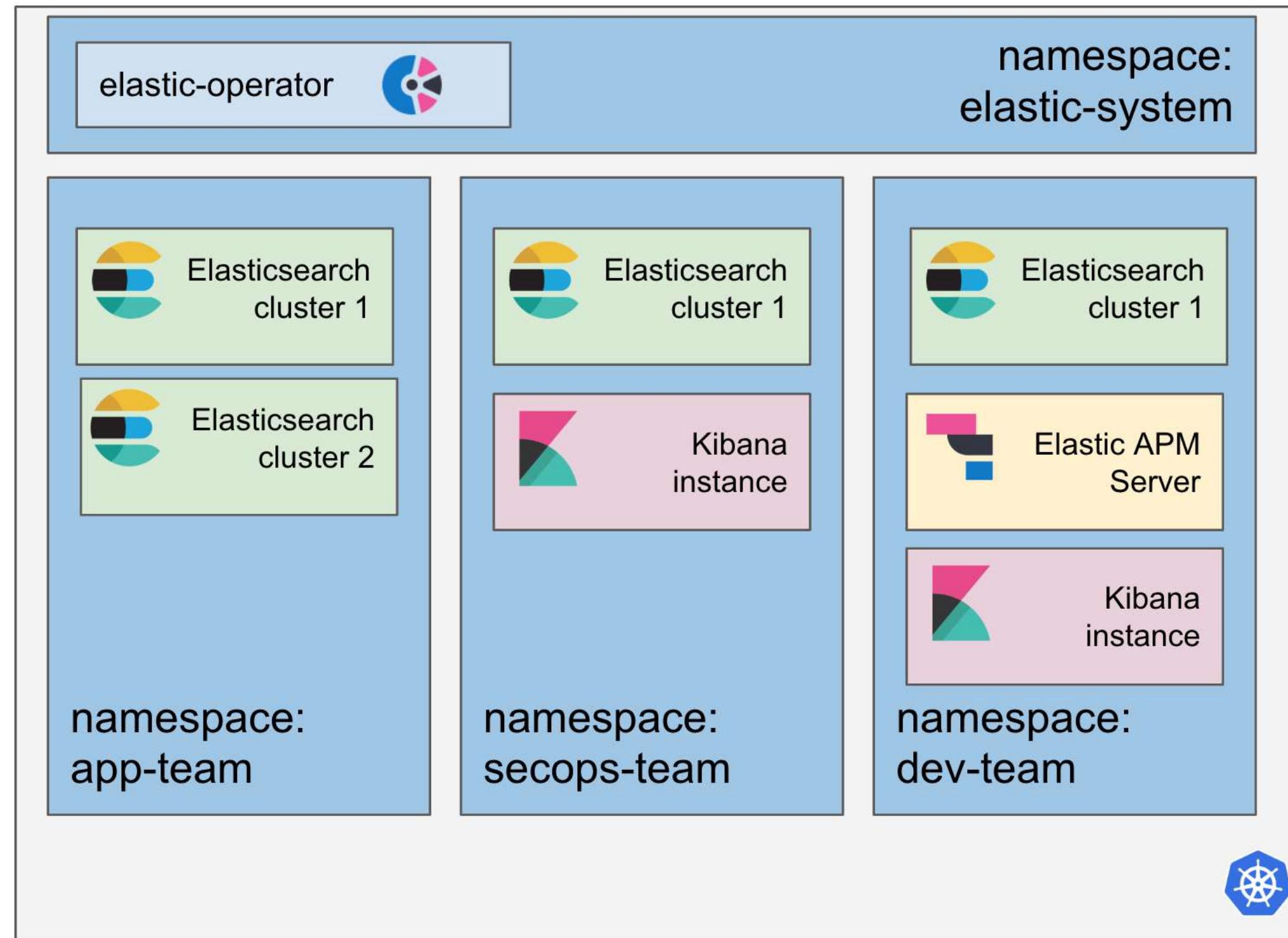
Local PV, Cloud vendor specific network
attached

Storage (2)

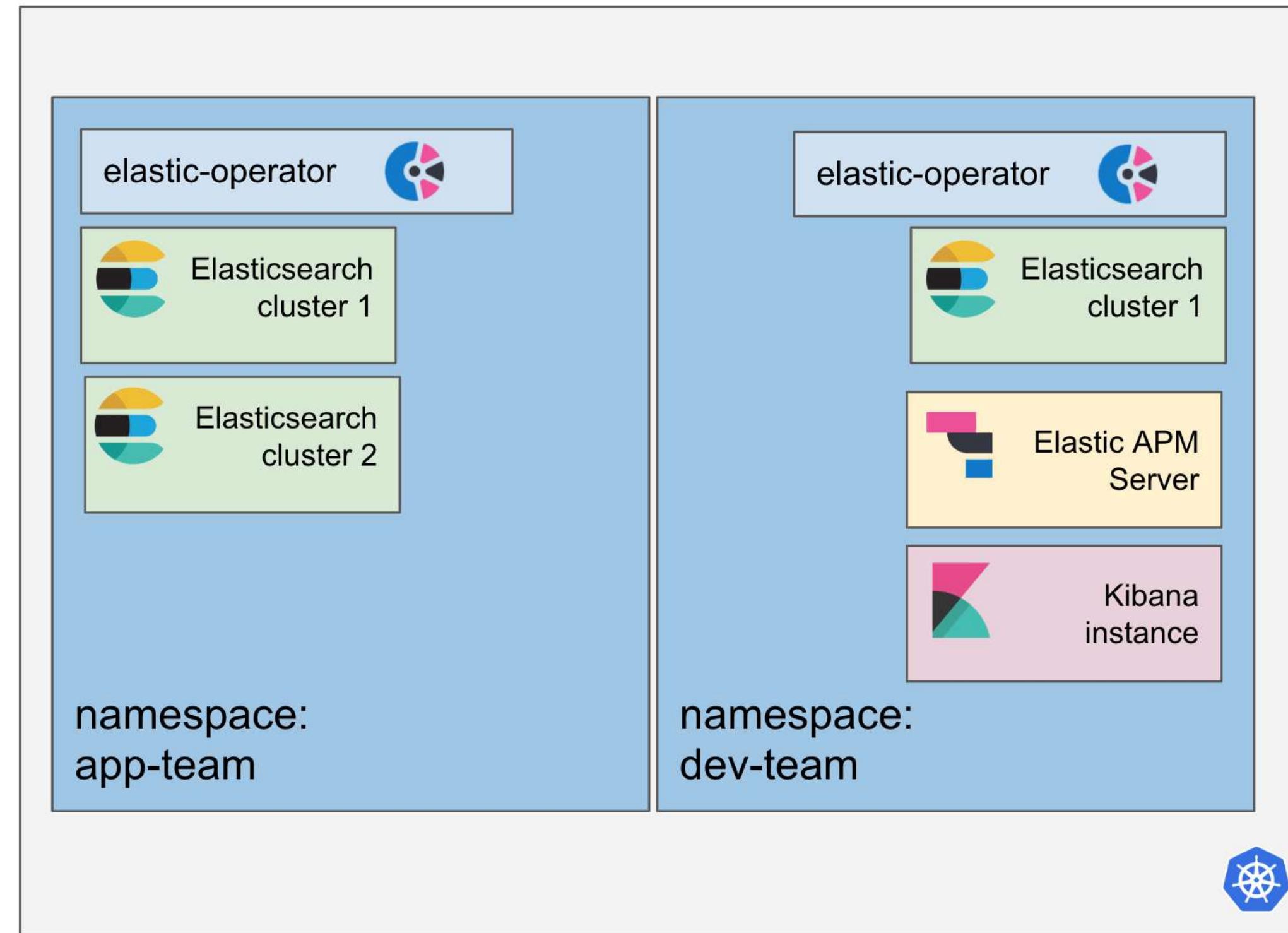
EmptyDir / HostPath

Not durable, no enforceable quota, may lead to eviction

Global Namespace



Single Namespace



Other Operators

MongoDB, Kafka, Redis, CockroachDB, ...

Operator "Marketplaces": <https://operatorhub.io>

**Couchbase Operator**
provided by Couchbase

The Couchbase Autonomous Operator allows users to easily deploy, manage, and maintain Couchbase clusters.

**Crunchy PostgreSQL Enterprise**
provided by CrunchyData.com

A Postgres Operator from Crunchydata.com

**Dynatrace OneAgent**
provided by Dynatrace LLC

Install full-stack monitoring of Kubernetes clusters with the Dynatrace OneAgent.

**Eclipse Che**
provided by Eclipse Foundation

A Kube-native development solution that delivers portability, productivity, and performance.

**Elastic Cloud on Kubernetes**
provided by Elastic

Run Elasticsearch, Kibana and the APM Server on Kubernetes and OpenShift

**EnMasse**
provided by EnMasse

EnMasse provides messaging as a managed service on Kubernetes

**etcd**
provided by CNCF

Create and maintain highly-available etcd clusters on Kubernetes

**Event Streams Topic**
provided by IBM

An operator for managing Topics for Event Streams on IBM Cloud

**Ext Postgres Operator**
provided by movetokube.com

Manage databases and roles in external PostgreSQL server or

**Falco Operator**
provided by Sysdig

Falco is a behavioral activity monitor designed to detect

**Federator.ai**
provided by ProphetStor Data Services, Inc.

Federator.ai Operator provides**FfDL Operator**
provided by IBM

Fabric for Deep Learning - an operating system fabric for

Conclusion

**"Containers are disrupting
the industry!"**

**"Can I run Elasticsearch on
Docker or Kubernetes?"**

**"Should I run Elasticsearch
on Docker or Kubernetes?"**

Kubernetes Paradox

"You don't have an Operator? That's a blocker!"

Kubernetes Paradox

"So you run the majority of your apps on
Kubernetes?"

"Actually, we are just starting with Kubernetes
and have 2% of our workloads on it."

Helm Charts vs Operator

Day 2 Operations

Questions & Discussion

Philipp Krenn @xeraa

